



FM-SPY-T

FM Sound Broadcasting Analyser



USER'S MANUAL

FM-SPY-T Manual E; january 2005

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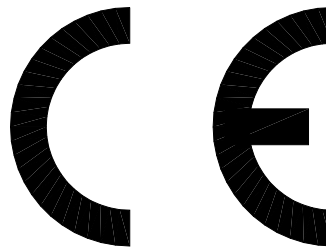
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EC Declaration of Conformity



MEDIA ENGINEERING Markus Stocker, located in Rainstrasse 15, CH-8104 WEININGEN (ZH), Switzerland, hereby declare under our full responsibility that the product designated by "FM Sound Broadcasting Analyser FM-SPY-T" consisting of one 19"/1RU rack mountable device in its original metal housing conforms to the following standards:

Standards used: EN 55022 : 1998 + A1 : 2000
EN 55024 : 1998 + A1 : 2001
FCC PART 15

Test center: EMC-TESTCENTER ZÜRICH AG
Schaffhauserstrasse 580
CH-8052 ZÜRICH
www.emc-testcenter.com

Test report: EMC 094 / 02 dated 30/12/2002

All conformity tests have been made when the product is installed according to professional practice in a Recording or Broadcasting studio or similar environment. This product must not be used outside the specified environment.

Weiningen: january, 10th, 2002



Markus Stocker
President & CEO MEDIA ENGINEERING



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A. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

A.1. SAFETY CONDITIONS

After removing any housing parts and electronic assemblies it's possible to get access to live parts. It's essential to ensure that the subsequent safety rules are strictly observed:

Servicing of electronic equipment must be performed by qualified personnel only.

Before removing covers the equipment has to be switched off and the mains cable unplugged.

When the equipment is open power supply capacitors have to be discharged with the help of a suitable resistor.

When the equipment is open components, that carry heavy electrical loads, such as power transistors and resistors as well as solenoid coils should not be touched before a cooling off interval, as a precaution to avoid burns.

During servicing unprotected and operating equipment never touch bare wires or circuitry.

During servicing unprotected and operating equipment use insulated tools only.

During servicing unprotected and operating equipment never touch metal semiconductor cases because they may carry high voltages.

For removing and installing electronic components, please follow the recommendations concerning the handling of MOS components.



A.1.1. ELECTROMAGNETICAL INTERFERENCE

In case the FM-SPY-T is installed and operated in a strongly electromagnetic disturbed environment, signals of interferences can occur during reception of the FM Band.

A.1.2. ENVIRONMENT TEMPERATURE

Preferably install the equipment in a dry location with approximately 20 centigrades (room temperature) of ambient temperature. The ambient temperature has a large influence on the contrast of the LCD display.

A.1.3. CAUTION WITH THE MAINS CABLE

Always seize the mains cable at the plug. Do not pull on the cable and never touch the mains cable with wet hands, since this can cause a short-circuit or an electrical shock. Do not place equipment or a furniture on the mains cable. A damaged mains cable can cause fire or an electrical shock. Therefore examine the mains cable occasionally. Should it be damaged, get in contact with your next customer service in order to replace the cable.

A.1.4. DO NOT REMOVE COVER

To prevent electric shock, do not remove the cover. There are no user serviceable parts inside the FM-SPY-T. Refer servicing to qualified service personnel only.



A.2. INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

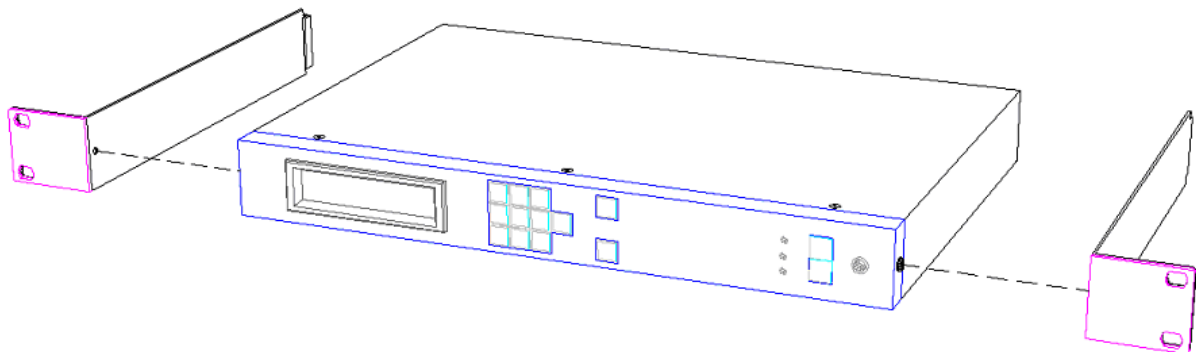
Place the FM-SPY-T FM sound broadcasting analyser in a horizontal position, and do not place anything heavy on it. Never bring a magnet or magnetized objects near the device, because such will adversely affect the performance of the FM-SPY-T.

Should it be necessary to change the sampling rate of the digital audio output to another value than the factory set 48kHz please refer to chapter A3.

In case the FM-SPY-T has to be installed in a 19" rack the appropriate 19" brackets have to be mounted first in order to convert the table top device into a rack mountable device:

- a) loosen the two black M4 screws on the left and right side of the FM-SPY-T with the help of an appropriate 2.5mm PHILIPS screw driver
- b) put the two screws beside for they will be used again at the end
- c) unpack the two blue 19" brackets that are delivered as an add-on to every FM-SPY-T
- d) with a little movement from back to forward the brackets can be hooked into place while the U-shaped end of the bracket is grabbing around the end of the side wall.
- e) carefully replace the M4 screws from the left hand side resp. from the right hand side and tighten them slightly ("two finger" torque)

It's a good rule of practice to mount at least a 19"/1RU blank panel on top and below each 19" rack mountable device. The same is true for the FM-SPY-T and - whenever possible - a blank panel above and below each FM-SPY-T should be mounted.



FM-SPY-T with demounted 19" brackets (front view)



A.3. SETTING THE SAMPLING RATE FOR THE DIGITAL AUDIO OUTPUT

The AES/EBU digital audio output on the rear side of the FM-SPY-T is featuring a sampling rate of 48kHz. This sampling rate is factory set and marked on the rear panel as such.

In case this is not the propre sampling rate for a given application it's possible to choose one of three other values:

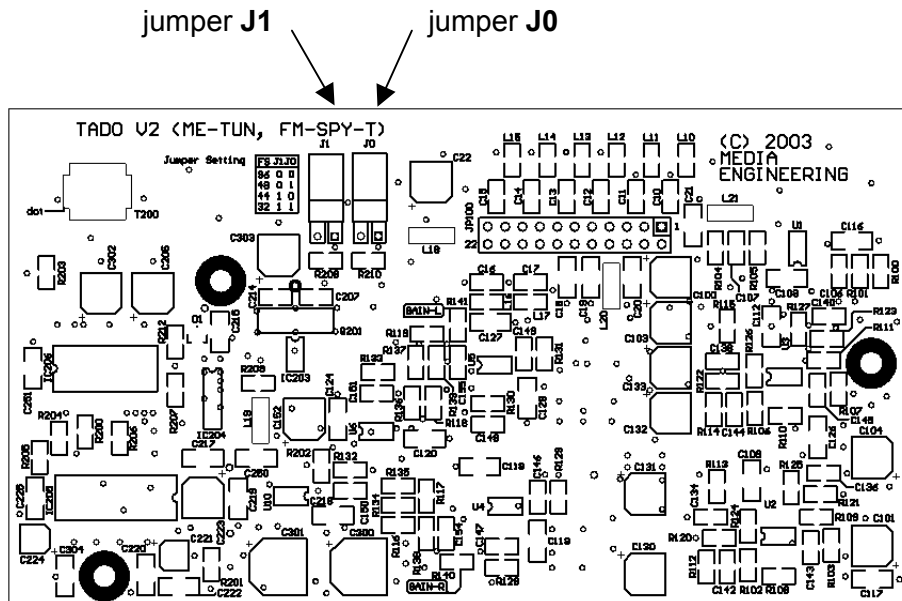
- 32kHz
- 44.1kHz
- 48kHz
- 96kHz

In order to change the sampling rate one needs to change the setting of two jumpers which are located inside the FM-SPY-T. Please refer to the procedure as described herewith:

1. Carefully study the SAFETY CONDITIONS in chapter A.1. on page 6
2. disconnect all cables from the FM-SPY-T. Make shure there is no power line connected anymore and the power switch is off.
3. loosen the three black M3 screws on the top front of the FM-SPY-T with the help of an appropriate 2.0mm PHILIPS screw driver in order to remove the cover.
4. put the three screws beside for they will be used again at the end
5. shift the cover 10mm to the rear and lift it off
6. locate the output amplifier board (called TADOBOARD, 72mm x 132mm) at the very back totally to the right.
7. loosen the three black M3 screws holding down the output amplifier board with the help of an appropriate 2.0mm PHILIPS screw driver
8. put the three screws beside for they will be used again at the end
9. with gentle force and a slight left to right rocking unplug and remove the board in a straight vertical direction



10. locate the two jumpers J1 and J0 according to the PCB layout drawing:



11. choose the new sampling rate and select the proper jumper setting:

fs	J1	J0
96 kHz	0	0
48kHz	0	1
44.1 kHz	1	0
32kHz	1	1

J1

J0

The table indicates the jumper settings as follows:

- "0" indicates that no jumper has to be set
- "1" indicates that a jumper has to be set

example: in order to set a sampling rate of 48kHz (which is the factory setting) do not set a jumper at the left position J1 but set a jumper on the right position J0

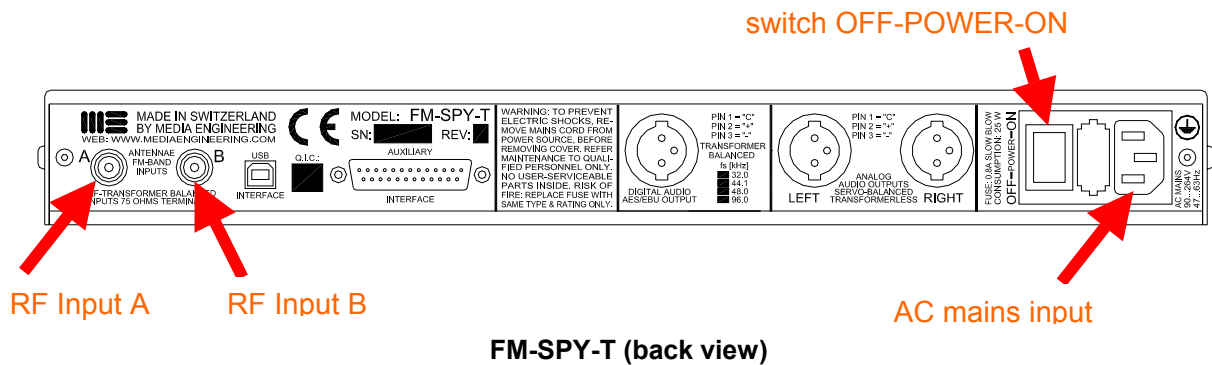


12. put the output amplifier board back into the FM-SPY-T. Make shure the 22pin connector fits right into the socket underneath the cutout in the metallic shielding. The board is placed perfectly if there shows up an air gap between the board and the side wall of the FM-SPY-T of approximately 0.5mm
13. put in place the three black M3 screws in order to hold down the output amplifier board. Make shure the prope screws with the half spherical head are used
14. tighten the crews slightly (“two finger” torque) with the help of an appropriate 2.0mm PHILIPS screw driver. DO NOT USE STRENGTH.
15. replace the cover of the FM-SPY-T in a vertical motion so that there remains an air gap of approximately 10mm in the front section
16. shift the cover 10mm into the front direction in order to allow the bended shielding at the back grabing the U shaped rear side.
17. put in place the three black M3 screws in order to hold down the cover. Make shure the prope screws are used so that they can be lowered into the cover in order to achieve a totally flat surface.
18. reinstall the FM-SPY-T.
19. check your application with the new setting of the sampling rate. If it doesn’t work properly one of the following problems might have occurred:
 - the output amplifier boards 22pin connector is not properly connected to the socket and there is not a 0.5mm air gap on the right side of the board. Solution: go back to point 11.
 - the jumper setting is wrong. Solution: go back to point 10 and make shure that a “0” indicates no jumper but a “1” indicates a jumper. J1 is the left and J0 is the right jumper.
 - the jumper setting is not matching the features of your external device (e.g. a mixing console). Solution: check if your external device is able to handle one of the four selectable sampling rates and then choose one of these.



A.4. CABLING

Connect an antenna cable to the “*RF Input A*” or “*RF Input B*” socket of the FM-SPY-T. These inputs are featuring F-type connectors (female chassis receptacles) with 75Ω impedance.



A matching coaxial antenna cable is needed. Contact your FM-SPY-T dealer for advice on a suitable cable to use. In case of using 75Ω antenna cables with IEC type of connectors two adapters F-IEC are supplied with every FM-SPY-T.

Both antennae inputs are DC-free decoupled with RF transformers. This means the antennae inputs are completely earth-free; they are not having a connection to the chassis or to earth via the power cord. This decoupling prevents that the potential of the antenna cable (which is very seldom earth) is short-circuited with the earth supplied by the power supply, for this were leading to compensation currents which in turn is the most often reason for hum problems on the analog audio outputs.

The FM-SPY-T has two transformerless servo balanced analog audio outputs (left & right channel) and a transformer coupled digital audio output (AES/EBU digital audio) on its rear side via standard XLR connectors. A headphones output connector (standard 1/4" Jack) on the front side is also provided. Only attach appropriate audio monitoring devices to these outputs of the FM-SPY-T.

Connect the AC Mains Lead to the “*AC mains input*” socket of the FM-SPY-T. Caution: wrong handling may cause electric shocks (see A.1.3.: CAUTION WITH THE MAINS CABLE on page 7/22).



B. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

B.1. BASIC OPERATIONS

B.1.1. STARTUP SEQUENCE

After proper installation of the FM-SPY-T (refer to A.2. INSTALLATION PROCEDURE on page 8), flip the “OFF-POWER-ON” switch on the rear side to the “ON” resp. upper position in order to start up the device. Upon power on, FM-SPY-T enters the initialization sequence and displays the firmware version information on its LCD display (screen 1).



screen 1

Simultaneously all keys on the keypad will light up briefly¹. A few seconds later, FM-SPY-T will enter the INITIAL state (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14)

B.1.2. LIT UP KEYS

FM-SPY-T has quite a large number of keys, but is nevertheless operated very simply. **Only the lit up keys react on user input.** No matter in what position of the input sequence the operator is, the FM-SPY-T will light up only those keys, which are meaningful for the next keystroke.

1	2	3		LOAD DISP
4 ↑PGM	5 ↑25kc	6 LO/RE	0 SCAN	
7 ↓PGM	8 ↓25kc	9 ANTA/B		SAVE MENU

keypad 1: INITIAL STATE

“keypad 1” shows an example: The keyboard is ready for user input on keys 1,8,9,LOAD or SAVE. All other keys are disabled and have no function. Thus, FM-SPY-T will guide you through the required steps to set up the tuner as desired.

¹ This serves as a test for the LED illuminated push-buttons.



B.1.3. THE INITIAL STATE

FM-SPY-T is memoryizing its settings during power-off and will - upon power up - display and tune to the frequency that was received just before power was lost or switched off. This frequency will be displayed in the top left position of the display after the startup sequence as shown in "screen 2".



screen 2

Approximately in the middle of the top row of the LCD display the FM channel mode can be read out which is either "mono" or "stereo".

On the top right of the display there is featured an antenna symbol plus the letters 'A' or 'B' in order to indicate the actual antenna input in use.

The lower half of the LCD display is showing one out of three possible information lines (described in B.1.7.: SETTING THE INFO MODE on page 18).

When the FM-SPY-T is in its INITIAL state the keypad will be lit up as already presented in "keypad 1" on page 13.

Important note: FM-SPY-T resets and starts an internal timer each time a push-button is activated. If an input sequence is not finished within a few seconds, FM-SPY-T will automatically "fall back" to its INITIAL state. This feature is particularly convenient if there's happening a mistake during inputting a command, for a "clear" or "reset" button is not necessary. One simply waits approximately 3 seconds and the keyboard "falls back" to the INITIAL state



B.1.4. TUNING IN TO A SPECIFIC FREQUENCY

When the FM-SPY-T is powered up and waits in the INITIAL state (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14), the desired frequency, e.g. 103.250 MHz, may be inputted directly. There is no need to step through menu functions in order to get to a tuning menu. Under the condition, that the antenna input in use is already set properly (otherwise refer to B.2.6.: SELECTING THE ANTENNA INPUT on page 27) one can tune to any frequency within the entire FM band starting from the INITIAL state in predefined steps of 25kHz.

As the FM band extends from 87.500 MHz to 108.000 MHz, the buttons that can be activated in first place are 8/9 or 1 corresponding to the first digit of the desired frequency. In case of inputting 103.250MHz, this would be a 1 and the screen and keypad looks like this:



screen 3

1	2	3		LOAD DISP
4 ↑PGM	5 ↑25kc	6 LOCK	0 SCAN	
7 ↓PGM	8 ↓25kc	9 ANTA/B		SAVE MENU

keypad 2: AFTER INPUTTING "1"

The only lit up button on the keypad now is button 0. This invites the user to press that button as the next one, as there is no valid frequency starting with a 1 followed by a digit other than 0. After pressing 0 one might continue to input the remaining digits, namely 3-2-5.

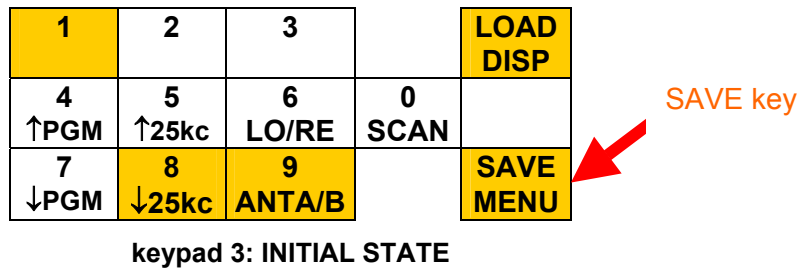
The previously mentioned "fall back" feature (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on the bottom of page 14) of the keyboard forces the user to do inputs within a given time interval.

After inputting the second last digit (5), it's not needed to input the last digit (0) for FM-SPY-T will always set the last digit automatically. As a summary: the entire sequence for the frequency in question is: 1-0-3-2-5 to tune to 103.250MHz out of the INITIAL state.



B.1.5. SAVING A PRESET

Out of the INITIAL state of FM-SPY-T (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14), press the SAVE/MENU button once (the arrow in keypad 3 points to the SAVE key),



whereupon “screen 4” will appear on the LCD display and the FM-SPY-T will ask for a preset number, in order to know where to save the preset. Preset numbers between 00 and 39 are allowed in order to save

- the actual receiving frequency
- the actual used antenna input A or B



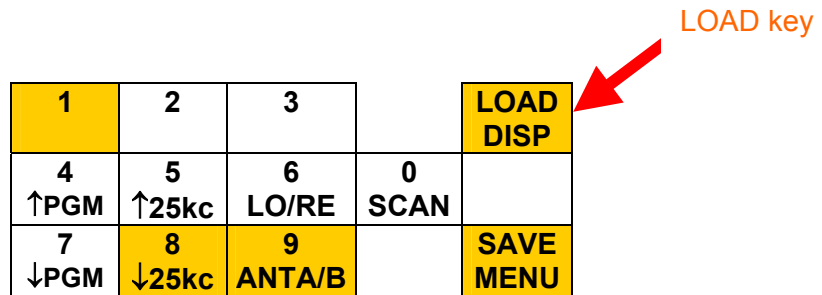
screen 4

After inputting the two preset number digits, FM-SPY-T will automatically fall back to its INITIAL state (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14).



B.1.6. LOADING A PRESET

Loading (restoring) a preset is similar to saving one. On the keypad the LOAD button (the arrow in keypad 4 points to the LOAD key) plus a 2-digit preset number to load (between 00 and 39) has to be keyed in.



keypad 4: INITIAL STATE



screen 5

After inputting the two preset number digits, FM-SPY-T will fall back automatically to the INITIAL state (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14).



B.1.7. SETTING THE INFO MODE

The bottom row of the LCD display is featuring one out of three possible info modes:

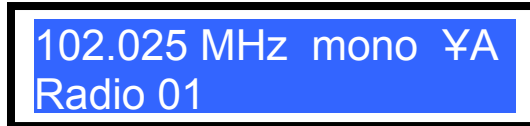
1. **RFL** (Radio Frequency Level) in a **bargraph** presentation indicating the strength of the antenna signal (at the RF antenna input in use).



2. **RFL** (Radio Frequency Level) in a numerical representation in "**dBµV**" (the reference level is 1µV what equals 0dBµV, e.g. 46dBµV = 200µV)

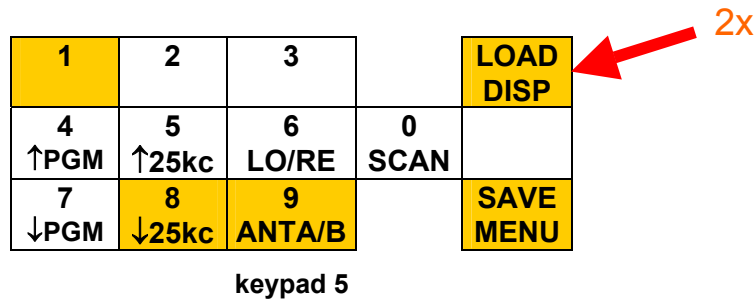


3. **RDS** data of the *PSNS code* (program service name segment)



If the actually tuned in station is not broadcasting any RDS information the LCD displays bottom line remains blank (blue).

Activating the LOAD button twice is stepping through all three info modes:

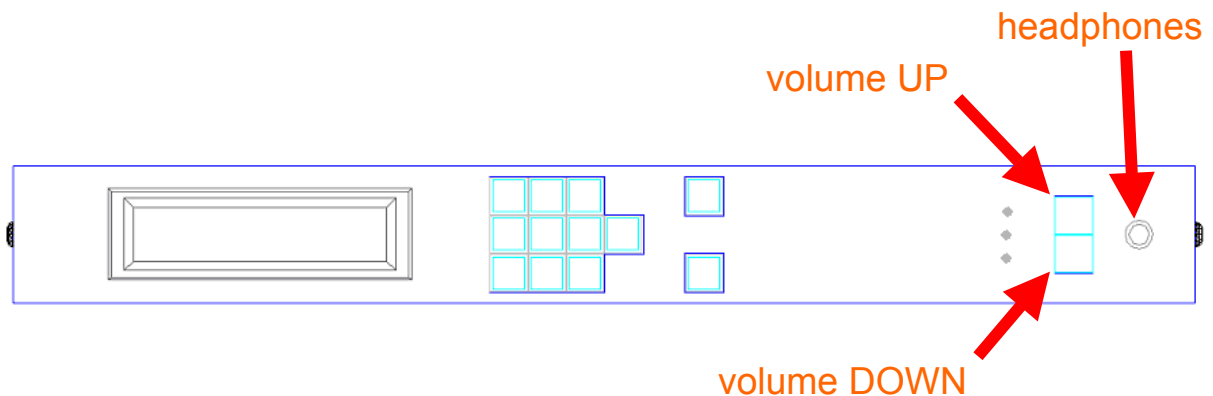


After each double-press of the LOAD button, the channel info mode changes its state.



B.1.8. HEADPHONES VOLUME CONTROL

On the front side of the FM-SPY-T there is totally to the right side the headphones connector. This is a standard ¼" Jack as very widely used for headphones worldwide.



There are two push-buttons to the left of the headphones connector. These are serving for the headphones volume control in a highly sophisticated microprocessor controlled manner:

- after powering up the FM-SPY-T both push-buttons are illuminated. This is signalling that the volume control is in its "normal" (default) position. This position is equal to approximately 12dB below maximum volume.
- shortly pressing onto one of the buttons is increasing resp. decreasing the headphones volume by 1dB. When the volume ends up to be BELOW the default value the lower button (DOWN) is illuminated and when it's ABOVE the default value the upper button is illuminated.
- pressing one of the buttons for more than approximately 1 second leads to a volume-jump of 1dB and - after this - to a fine fading up resp. down (until eventually the maximum at 0dB or the minimum at -42dB is achieved)
- pressing briefly onto both buttons simultaneously is forcing the volume to jump to its lowest possible value (approximately 42dB below maximum volume)
- pressing onto both buttons simultaneously for more than approximately 1 second lets the volume first jump to its minimum value (-42dB) and then up to its "normal" default value (12dB below maximum)



B.2. EXTENDED OPERATIONS

B.2.1. MENU FUNCTIONS

Some special features are accessible through MENU functions. The MENU is activated by a double-press on the SAVE/MENU button out of the INITIAL state (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14).

1	2	3		LOAD DISP
4 ↑PGM	5 ↑25kc	6 LO/RE	0 SCAN	
7 ↓PGM	8 ↓25kc	9 ANTA/B		SAVE MENU

2x

↙

keypad 6: INITIAL STATE

A double-press of the SAVE/MENU button is switching to the MENU functions and the LCD display of the FM-SPY-T will look like “screen 6”.



screen 6

The actual loaded preset number (which must not necessarily contain the same frequency as is shown in the top row) is displayed in the bottom row at the right hand side.

The illumination pattern of the keypad is now looking like “keypad 7”:

1	2	3		LOAD DISP
4 ↑PGM	5 ↑25kc	6 LO/RE	0 SCAN	
7 ↓PGM	8 ↓25kc	9 ANTA/B		SAVE MENU

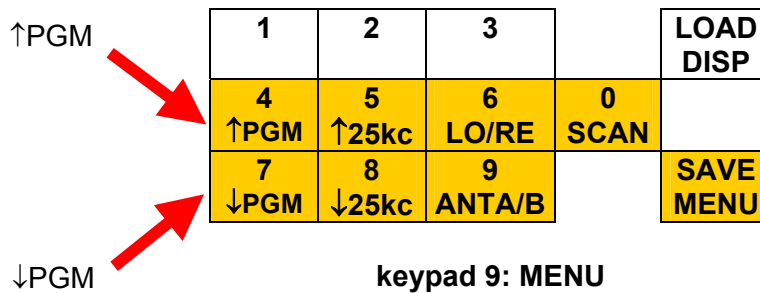
keypad 7: MENU



During using MENU functions the automatic “fall back to INITIAL state” feature of the FM-SPY-T is still active. After a certain time without any user input, FM-SPY-T will quit the MENU state and fall back to the INITIAL state (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14). When pressing the SAVE key from the MENU state, FM-SPY-T will be switched back to INITIAL state, too.

B.2.2. STEPPING THROUGH PRESETS

One can load a preset (as described in section B.1.6. LOADING A PRESET on page 17) by pressing the LOAD button and entering the desired 2-digit preset number. In case it's unknown where to find a given preset in the memory, it's possible to step through all presets by pressing the ↑PGM and ↓PGM keys for in-crementing rsp. de-crementing the preset number out of the MENU state (refer to section B.2.1. MENU FUNCTIONS on page 20).



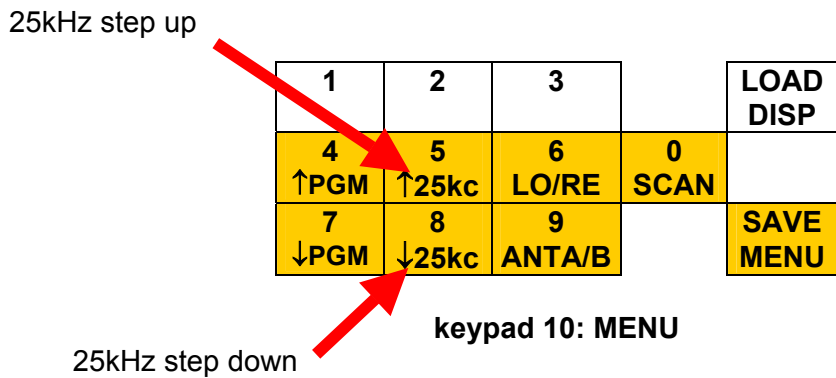
During stepping the actual preset number can always be monitored on the LCD display. The FM-SPY-T has a preset memory with preset numbers ranging from 00 to 39. It's possible to step up and down only within this range of memory addresses.

While in MENU state and the button ↑PGM or ↓PGM is activated FM-SPY-T is not falling back anymore. The activation of any one of these buttons is stopping the fall back mechanism and lets the user step conveniently through all presets (stepping up or stepping down). Even a fine tuning in 25kHz steps with buttons ↑25kc or ↓25kc is possible without falling back to the INITIAL state. An activation of any other lit-on button triggers the desired function and starts the fall back routine again.



B.2.3. FINE TUNING

By entering the MENU state and using the push-buttons \uparrow 25kc or \downarrow 25kc on the keypad, one can alter the FM receivers tuning frequency in 25kHz steps up or down.



When pressing one of these buttons continuously, the stepping will be faster. The frequency range of the receiver (87.5MHz to 108.0MHz) can not be exceeded and the stepping will be stopped before going out of band.



B.2.4. SELECTING LOCAL rsp. REMOTE OPERATION

In case the FM-SPY-T is hooked up to a PC via the USB interface some tuner settings (e.g. tuning to a specific RF receiving frequency) can be established from “remote” using the FM-SPY PC application program. This might result in a conflict with settings made “locally” on the keypad.

In order to prevent such conflicts MEDIA ENGINEERING has decided that the operator able to operate the hardware device FM-SPY-T is the so called *master*. He has to make the decision if the command mode “local” or “remote” has to be chosen and selected via the MENU state (refer to section B.2.1. MENU FUNCTIONS on page 20) and the LO/RE button (see “keypad 11”).

1	2	3		LOAD DISP
4 ↑PGM	5 ↑25kc	6 LO/RE	0 SCAN	
7 ↓PGM	8 ↓25kc	9 ANTA/B		SAVE MENU

keypad 11

The entire sequence to put the FM-SPY-T into the “remote” mode is: MENU-MENU-LO/RE.

As soon as the LO/RE button is activated, the following screen will appear:



screen 7



The keypad lightmap for an active “remote” operation mode is as follows:

1	2	3		LOAD DISP
4 ↑PGM	5 ↑25kc	6 LO/RE	0 SCAN	
7 ↓PGM	8 ↓25kc	9 ANTA/B		SAVE MENU

keypad 12: REMote operation mode active!

Pressing the same push-button sequence MENU-MENU-LO/RE within a proper time-interval (to prevent fall back after approximately 3 seconds) will bring the FM-SPY-T back to the “local” operation mode.



B.2.5. SCANNING THE FM CHANNELS

The automatic FM channel scanning function of the FM-SPY-T is a useful feature when the device has been installed in a new location with entirely different radio sound broadcasting stations as at the previous location. When enabling the automatic scanning function, FM-SPY-T scans the FM frequency band from 108.000MHz downwards to 87.500MHz and stores all channels with strong enough RF levels (the threshold is set to 50dBµV) to its internal memory.

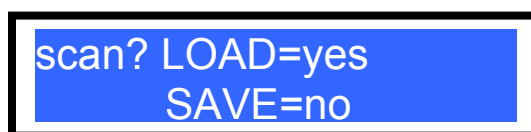
The channels are stored in a reverse order to the internal memory: The first channel FM-SPY-T finds will be saved to program number 39, the second one to program number 38 and so on. As the user of FM-SPY-T will normally have his favourite channels stored in the first few preset positions (e.g. preset 00 to preset 08), the scanning function will not overwrite the user channel setup when storing all channels which were found during scanning to the last positions in memory.

In order to start a scan, the MENU state of the FM-SPY-T has to be achieved by double-pressing LOAD/MENU and then the SCAN button (see keypad 13) has to be pressed:

1	2	3		LOAD DISP
4 ↑PGM	5 ↑25kc	6 LO/RE	0 SCAN	
7 ↓PGM	8 ↓25kc	9 ANTA/B		SAVE MENU

keypad 13: MENU

Because scanning might overwrite some previously stored presets in the internal memory, FM-SPY-T will prompt you before continuing (see screen 12).



screen 8

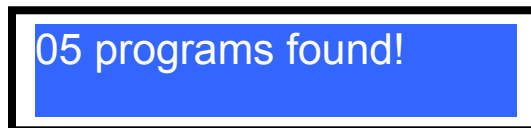


By pressing the LOAD button FM-SPY-T will effectively start the scanning function. During scanning, there will show up a backlight sequence of the LED illuminated push-buttons (simulating a tuning wheel rotating counter clock wise) and the tuning frequency will be decreased in 100kHz steps starting from 108.000MHz. Also shown is the actual preset number that FM-SPY-T will use to store a channel.



screen 9

When FM-SPY-T finds a strong enough channel (the threshold is set to 50dB μ V) the center key "5" on the keypad will light up briefly and the preset number on the LCD display will be decremented by 1. After reaching the bottom end of the FM band (87.500MHz), FM-SPY-T will show the number of stations that have been found and saved during the scan.



screen 10

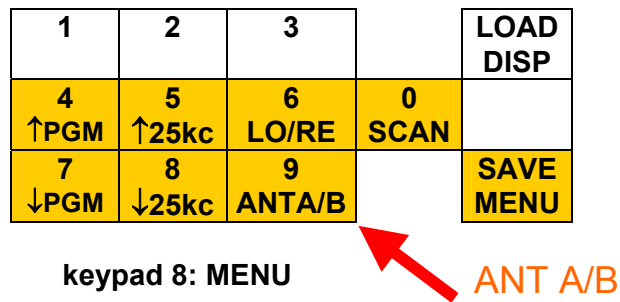
By hitting the LOAD button FM-SPY-T will load the last station it has found (in case of "05 programs found" this is preset number 35) and returns to its INITIAL state (refer to section B.1.3: INITIAL STATE on page 14).

In order to check which programs FM-SPY-T has found during scanning, the "stepping through presets" function (as described in chapter B.2.2. STEPPING THROUGH PRESETS on page 21) can be used.



B.2.6. SELECTING THE ANTENNA INPUT

To change the antenna input in use, enter the MENU state (refer to B.2.1.: MENU FUNCTIONS on page 20) and press button ANTA/B on the keypad.



After pressing this key, FM-SPY-T will toggle the antenna input from A→B or from B→A, depending on the previous selection of the antenna input.

Note: FM-SPY-T is featuring two antenna inputs for there are situations in which it's necessary to monitor not only radio stations that can be received with the help of an aerial (e.g. an antenna on the roof) but also the ones coming in via CATV (CABLE TV network).

The feature is also helpful when a directional antenna is used in order to receive a certain station with a nondistorted or strong enough RF signal. In this case an omni-directional antenna (probably a ground plane connected to the second antenna input) might be used to receive the other stations of the FM band.

* * *



C. THE FM-SPY COMPUTER APPLICATION

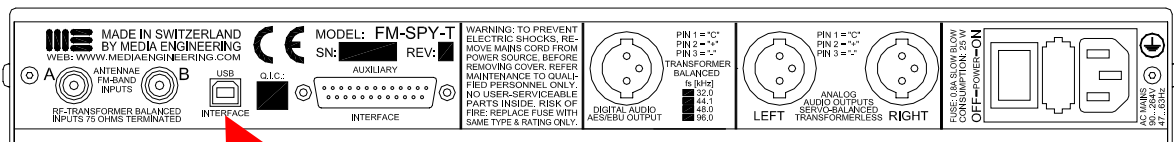
C.1. THE PC INTERFACE

The FM-SPY-T is a normal USB 1.1 device. The data transfer rate on the interface of the FM-SPY-T reaches up at 7Mbps.

The USB cable to use has to feature a rectangular type-A connector on one side and a quadratic type B connector on the other side. The maximum cable length is specified to:

$L_{max} = 5.0$ meters

Please connect the quadratic type B connector into the USB socket on the rear side of the FM-SPY-T:



USB connector

The rectangular type-A USB connector is put into the computers USB 1.1 interface **AFTER THE SOFTWARE INSTALLATION** (refer to section C.2. on the next page)

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FIRST install the software

SECOND make the USB connection

Remark: According to the norms it should be possible to use transfer rates on a USB 1.1 interface of up to 12Mbps maximum theoretical value. Nevertheless some interfaces (hardware semiconductor chip sets) do not provide this high transfer rate. There are computers that are not able to handle 7Mbps on the USB 1.1 port because of hardware limitations. This means that situations can arise in which the FM-SPY computer program can not run properly because of hardware problems. In order to verify this try to install the FM-SPY application on an other machine.



C.2. SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

The software installation under MICROSOFT WINDOWS® is quite easy to achieve. The software runs on all MICROSOFT WINDOWS® operating systems incorporating the handling of USB 1.1 interfaces such as WIN98, WIN2000, WINXP but not on WINNT.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FIRST install the software

SECOND make the USB connection

The installation process is started by running the installation program

“setup.exe”

directly from the CD-ROM with the original FM-SPY software package or from a previously created directory on the harddrive containing a copy of the CD-ROM. During the installation process all necessary drivers plus the FM-SPY application will be installed on the PC.

SECOND (and only now): establish the USB connection from the FM-SPY to the PC **while the PC is running**. The operating system is then recognizing the new device and is searching and installing the proper drivers automatically.



In case the the FM-SPY-T is connected to the PC before the software is installed it might be necessary to install the drivers manually.

Test procedure: After the software installation but while the FM-SPY application is NOT running switch off the FM-SPY-T hardware device with its power switch on the rear side. After some seconds switch it back on again and watch how

- a) the frontpanel LED named USB is illuminated
- b) the two alarm LEDs AL1 and AL2 will go dark after approximately 2 seconds

If both testpoints a) and b) are successfully outperformed the PC has detected the FM-SPY-T as a new USB device, loaded the propre driver(s) and downloaded the propre firmware into the USB processor located in the FM-SPY-T hardware device. The computer is ready to start the FM-SPY application.



C.3. STARTING THE FM-SPY APPLICATION

Before running the software application it's necessary to switch the FM-SPY-T into the so called "remote operation mode". This is done by pressing the sequence

SAVE -> SAVE -> LO/RE

on the frontpanel keyboard (please refer to section B.2.4. on page 23) . If this sequence is not inputted the FM-SPY-T is still awaiting commands from the keyboard and is not able to be remotely controlled from the PC via the USB connection.

Now start the FM-SPY computer application program by running the file

"fmspysdi.exe"

or click onto a previously defined shortcut resp. a predefined icon on the desktop.

The Main Window opens up and displays the *Protocol* section which can be used to fill in special infos regarding the coming measuring task (please refer to detailed handling description on next page). During this process the computer is not talking to the FM-SPY-T and is also not receiving any data from it.

In order to start the data transfer process with the FM-SPY-T via the USB interface the following icon in the toolbar has to be clicked:



As long as the data transfer process is not started the FM-SPY-T is not doing anything and cannot talk to the computer and cannot receive any commands from it.

The very first time the data transfer process is started the FM-SPY program is asking for the inputting of a so called

SOFTWARE KEY CODE

This code is related to the serial number of the hardware device and comes together with the original CD-ROM. In case the software key code is lost please ask your FM-SPY-T dealer or MEDIA ENGINEERING for advice. After inputting the key code the computer memorizes it in the so called WINDOWS®-registry. From that moment on it's not necessary to key in the code again, At least as the same FM-SPY-T box is hooked up to the same computer.

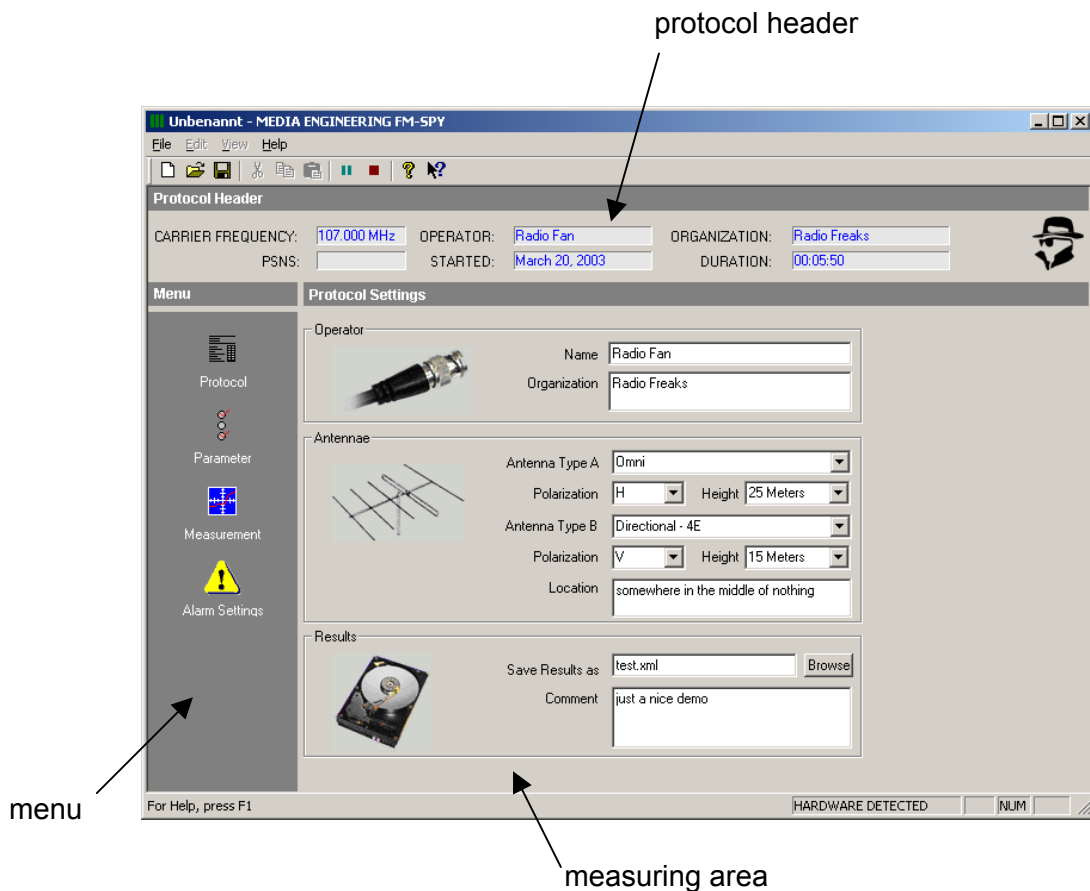
-
- if an error message window appears telling "check cable and power" please do so.
 - if an error message window appears telling "device in local state" please switch the FM-SPY-T into the remote operating mode by keying in SAVE - SAVE - LO/RE
 - if any other error messages appear there might be a conflict with the USB drivers. In such situations de-install the FM-SPY application properly and install from new.



C.4. THE FM-SPY COMPUTER PROGRAM

C.4.1. INTRODUCTION & OPERATIONAL CONCEPT

The software was designed with the goal in mind to maximize an ergonomic measuring sequence. The steps while working through the measuring process is similar to the writing of a measuring protocol. But the different tasks can be chosen manually as well. With this flexibility it's possible to outperform "quick'n dirty" measurements as well as detailed measuring campaigns in great length and during a longer time period with protocols.



The main window is split in three parts:

- protocol header
- menu
- measuring area

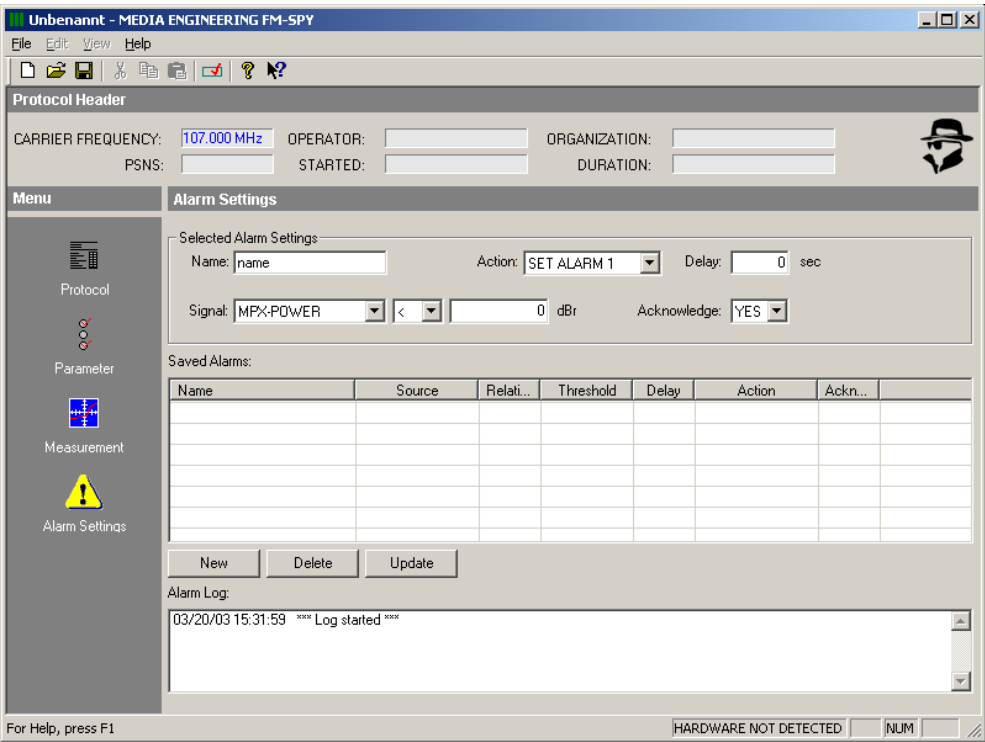
The content of the measuring area is depending on the chosen menu function.



C.4.1. DESCRIPTION OF THE MAIN MENU POINTS

name	description
Protocol	<p>This area allows the inputting of administrative data. It consists of three parts.</p> <p>In the part “Operator” it’s possible to key in the name of the operator and/or the name of the organisation.</p> <p>In the part “Antennae” it’s possible to key in detailed informations and settings regarding the antennae in use.</p> <p>In the part “Results” it’s possible to specify the directory for the storing of the measured data. It’s optional to input some comments as well.</p>
Parameter	<p>In this section it’s possible to define the main hardware settings like e.g. the receiving frequency of the tuner and the antenna input in use for the coming up measurement.</p> <p>In the same section one can outperform a so called <i>panorama scan</i> over a specified or the entire FM band in one of three step sizes. A panorama scan is useful in case the radio stations frequencies are unknown or an overview over the FM band is useful.</p>
Measurement	<p>This area is containing the actual measuring tasks. Please refer to the appropriate detailed descriptions in chapter C.4.1. beginning on page 33.</p>



name	description
Alarm Settings	<p>In the alarm section it's possible to define and manage details regarding alarms. The definition of threshold values is possible for different measuring results. In case a certain threshold is reached the proper alarm is triggered and a remark in the logging file is made.</p>  <p>In case a definition of an activated alarm is fulfilled the alarm is triggered. As a result one of the actions "SET Alarm 1" or SET Alarm 2" can be outperformed. In such situations the alarm LED on the frontpanel labeled AL1 rsp. AL2 is illuminated and - parallel to this - a photocoupler switch is activated which in turn allows earthfree signalisations to external devices connected to the AUXILIARY 25pin D-type connector on the rear side (see page 38).</p> <p>One special application is the definition of a simple "Silence Sensor" rsp. "loss of audio" alarm: if the deviation is lower than a specified threshold value (e.g. 12...15kHz) for more than a certain time period (e.g. 60 seconds) one might suspect that the radio station is only broadcasting the stereo pilot tone (approx. 7kHz dev.) plus the RDS signal (approx. 3kHz) and has lost its audio (may be because of a computer problem in the harddisk audio system).</p>

C.4.1. DESCRIPTION OF THE DIFFERENT MEASUREMENTS

The main task "MEASUREMENT" shows a number of so called TABs for it's split in various measuring tasks such as Signal Scope, Signal Quality, MPX Deviation, MPX Power, MPX Spectrum and RDS Data.

! All measurements are outperformed according to the recommendations of the ITU-R **!**



meas. task (tab)	description
<p>Signal Scope</p>	<p>displaying the demodulated multiplex signal and the RF antenna signal strength signal. Both are in the time domain and similar to the display of a cathode ray oscilloscope.</p>
<p>Signal Quality</p>	<p>This task is displaying all data in order to decide if a specific measuring situation is allowing results according to the ITU-R. It's checked if the amount of multipath receiving and the RF signal strength is according to ITU-R 1268. Also displayed is the RDS BER (Bit Error Rate).</p>

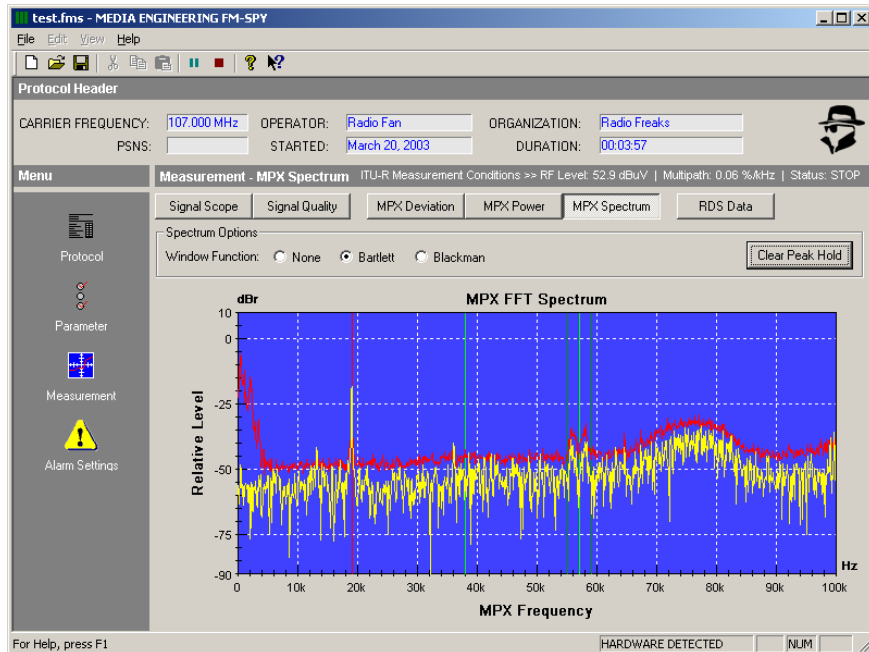


name	description
<p>MPX Deviation</p>	<p>Displaying the momentary peak frequency deviation in a direct and statistical form. A micro peak filter is filtering single peaks.</p>
<p>MPX Power</p>	<p>Displaying the calculation of the power of the multiplex signal (according to ITU-R). Each point is the result of a 60 seconds integration.</p>



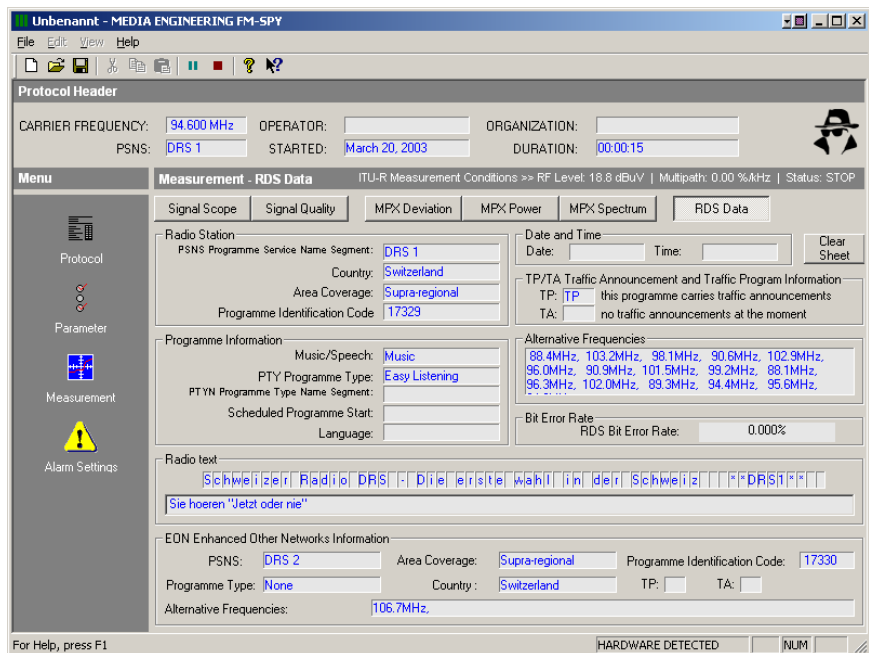
MPX Spectrum

Displaying the demodulated multiplex signal in the frequency domain. Red vertical lines are marking the position of the pilot tone at 19kHz, the DSSC stereo difference signal at 38kHz and the RDS modulation at 57kHz. Different windowing techniques can be chosen for the FFT.



RDS Data

Displaying the content of the RDS data stream.





C.5. HOW TO MAKE MEASUREMENTS

1. Connect a suitable antenna to the FM-SPY (rsp. FM-SPY-T) and power up the device. Make shure the FM-SPY (-T) is having an USB connection the the computer.
2. Put the FM-SPY-T in the "*remote operation mode*" by pressing **SAVE -> SAVE -> LO/RE**
3. Start the FM-SPY application.
4. Start the data transfer process by clicking onto this symbol in the tool bar:



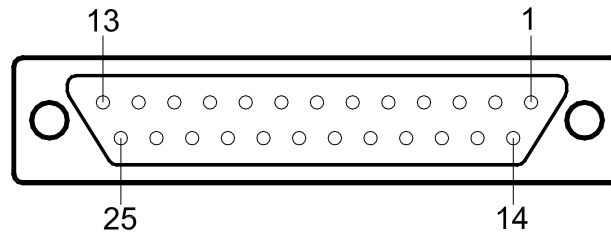
5. In case no error message is appearing the hardware is ready for measurings.
6. In case an error message is appearing it's useful to check if the FM-SPY is listed in the hardware device manager (section USB-controller). Otherwise the USB connection to the FM-SPY has to be checked.
7. Change to the section **PROTOCOL** and input the necessary data. The inputs are read automatically as soon as the cursor leaves the field.
8. Change to the section **PARAMETER** and make the necessary adjustments and/or outperform a panorama scan.
9. Change to the section **ALARMS** and define the propre alarms.
10. The main measuring task can now be started: click onto the **PLAY** symbol (triangle) in the tool bar.
11. As long as the measuring is running (active) it's possible to switch from tab to tab in order to follow up and/or read out the development of the results.
12. All results are written into the logging file continuously.

* * *



D. PINOUT OF 25 PIN D-TYPE CONNECTOR ON THE REAR SIDE

The 25pin D-type connector AUXILIARY INTERFACE on the rear side of the FM-SPY-T is a female chassis type receptacle. While looking onto the connector from the rear the pinout of this connector is as follows:



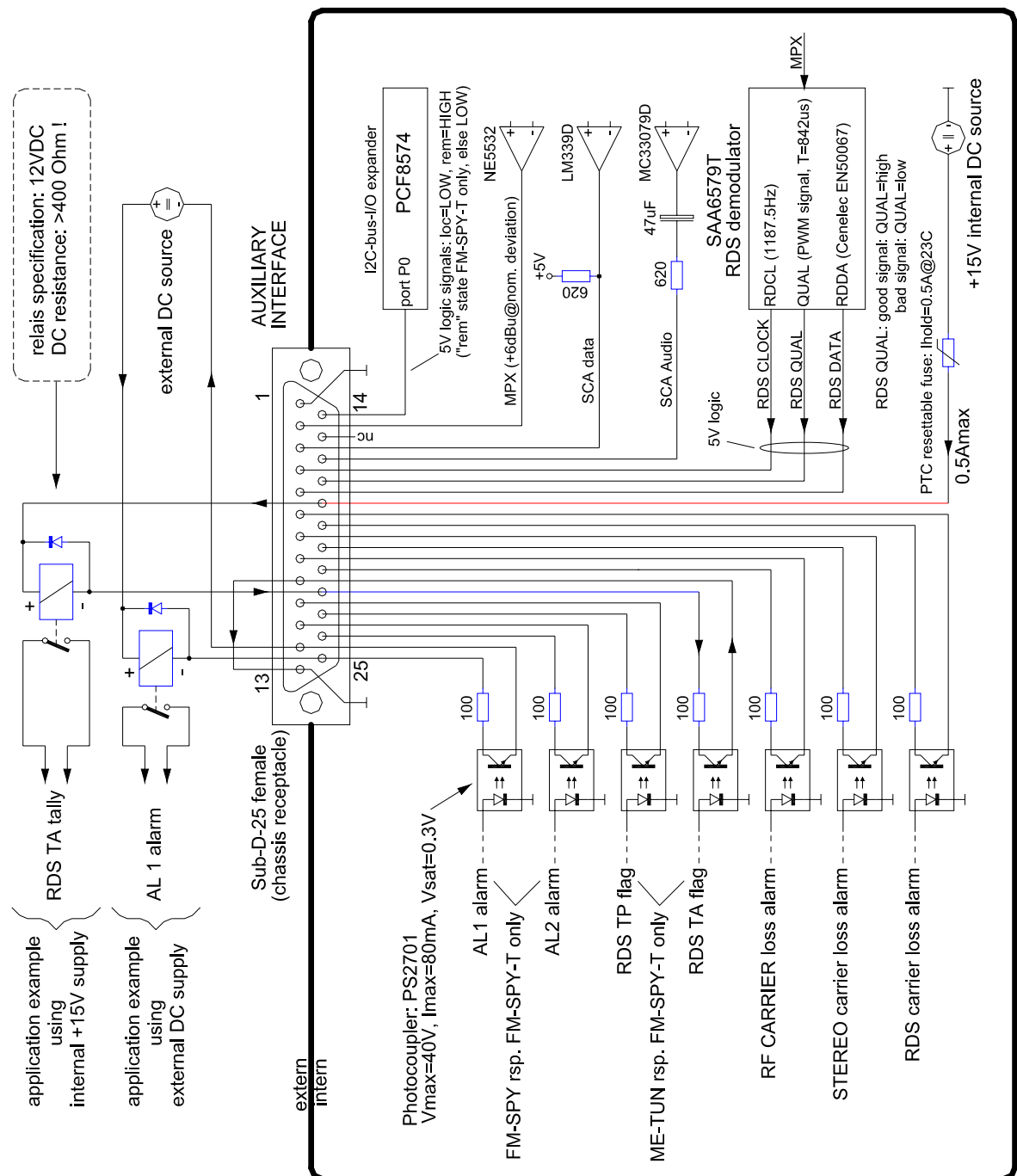
rear view

PIN #	Signal / Description
1	Gnd (Chassis)
2	MPX-OUT (+5.5....+6.5dBu @ nom dev.@600Ω)
3	SCADATA
4	RDSCLOCK (1187.5Hz)
5	RDSDATA (according to <i>CENELEC EN 50067</i>)
6	Opto1 Emitter (RDS loss alarm)
7	Opto2 Emitter (STEREO loss alarm)
8	Opto3 Emitter (CARRIER loss alarm)
9	Opto4 Emitter (TA flag)
10	Opto5 Emitter (TP flag)
11	Opto6 Emitter (AL2 alarm (via FM-SPY program))
12	Opto5 Emitter (AL1 alarm (via FM-SPY program))
13	Gnd (Chassis)
14	0V/5V binary signal: local=LOW/remote=HIGH
15	not connected
16	SCAAUDIO
17	RDSQUAL (PWM signal: T=842μs, good=HIGH, bad=LOW)
18	+15VDC, PTC fused ($I_{hold}=0.5A@23^{\circ}C$)
19	Opto1 Collector (RDS loss alarm)
20	Opto2 Collector (STEREO loss alarm)
21	Opto3 Collector (CARRIER loss alarm)
22	Opto4 Collector (TA flag)
23	Opto5 Collector (TP flag)
24	Opto6 Collector (AL2 alarm (via FM-SPY program))
25	Opto6 Collector (AL1 alarm (via FM-SPY program))



E. EXAMPLE OF HOW TO USE THE AUXILIARY INTERFACE

The schematic diagram represents the internal circuitry of the FM-SPY-T in regard of the AUXILIARY INTERFACE. Also two application examples are shown: the implementation of relais coupled switching outputs with the use of an internal resp. external DC source.





F. SUMMARY OF KEYBOARD COMMANDS

1 st keystroke	2 nd keystroke	3 rd keystroke	4 th keystroke	5 th keystroke	6 th keystroke
------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------

TUNING to 103.250 MHz:

1	0	3	2	5
---	---	---	---	---

SAVING PRESET NO. 27:

SAVE	2	7
------	---	---

LOADING PRESET NO. 19:

LOAD	1	9
------	---	---

SEQUENCING THE INFO MODE:

DISP	DISP
------	------

STEPPING UP THROUGH PRESETS:

MENU	MENU	↑PGM	↑PGM
------	------	------	------	-------

STEPPING DOWN THROUGH PRESETS:

MENU	MENU	↓PGM	↓PGM
------	------	------	------	-------

FINE TUNING IN 25kHz STEPS UPWARDS:

MENU	MENU	↑25kc	↑25kc
------	------	-------	-------	-------

FINE TUNING IN 25kHz STEPS DOWNWARDS:

MENU	MENU	↓25kc	↓25kc
------	------	-------	-------	-------

SWITCHING TO "REMOTE" CONTROL MODE (tuner operation via PC program):

MENU	MENU	LO/RE
------	------	-------

SWITCHING TO "LOCAL" CONTROL MODE (tuner operation via keypad):

MENU	MENU	LO/RE
------	------	-------

SCANNING :

MENU	MENU	SCAN	LOAD	LOAD
------	------	------	------	-------	------

SELECTING (TOGGLING) THE ANTENNA INPUT :

MENU	MENU	ANTA/B
------	------	--------



G. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ANTENNAE INPUTS

number of antennae inputs 2
 antenna input impedance 75 Ω
 antenna input connector type..... F (receptacle)
 antenna input circuit..... transformer balanced earthfree
 antenna selecting switch: the unused input is 75 Ω terminated

FM RECEIVER

receiving frequency range 87.500MHz - 108.000MHz
 receiving frequency step width 25kHz
 sensitivity 5uV @ 30dB_{SINAD}
 intermodulation 5mV (73dB) suppression
 scanning threshold RF signal strength 50dBμV
 carrier loss threshold RF signal strength 25dBμV
 number of presets 40

COMPUTER INTERFACE

Type USB1.1
 Datarate approximate 7Mbit/sec
 Maximum Cable Length 5 meter

ALARM OUTPUTS

connector type D-Sub, 25 pin, female chassis receptacle
 alarm outputs 7 photocouplers
 specification photocouplers U_{CEmax} = 40V / I_{Cmax} = 80mA / U_{CEsat} = 0.3V
 DC supply output +15.0 VDC, stabilized
 resettable fused DC supply output PTC, I_{hold} = 0.5A @ 23⁰C

POWER SUPPLY

mains power voltage 90 - 250 VAC
 mains power line frequency 47 - 63 Hz
 power consumption < 25 Watt

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

width x depth x height 380 x 260 x 44 mm
 weight 4.5 kg

INCLUDED ACCESSORIES:

- 1 pcs. power cord, 3wire
- 2 pcs. antenna connection adapter type "F-male" ↔ "IEC-male"
- 2 pcs. 19"/1RU rack mount kit
- 1 pcs. user's manual
- 1 pcs. CD-ROM with FM-SPY PC application program
- 1 pcs. software key code document

subject to change

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